

STUDENT OUTCOMES COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Thursday, February 7, 2013 1:30 p.m. Room M2-34

AGENDA

(1)	1:30 p.m.	Executive Session	
(2)		Public Session	
	1:35 p.m.	(a) Approval of the Minutes of December 6, 2012	(A)
	1:40 p.m.	(b) Debrief of the Student Outcomes Presentation	(D)
	2:00 p.m.	(c) Discussion of a Student Outcomes Dashboard	(D)

STUDENT OUTCOMES COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

MINUTES Thursday, December 6, 2012 1:30 p.m. – Room M2-34

Presiding: Ms. Stacy Holland

Present: Dr. Stephen Curtis, Dr. Judith Gay, Dr. Samuel Hirsch, Ms. Mary

Horstmann, Dr. Judith Rényi, Dr. James Roebuck

Guests: Mr. John Moore, Ms. Melissa St. Pierre, Dr. Sharon Thompson

(1) <u>Executive Session</u>

There was no Executive Session.

(2) Public Session

a) Approval of Minutes of November 1, 2012 (Action Item)

The minutes were accepted.

b) Academic Program Audit: Community Leadership (Action Item)

Mr. Moore presented highlights of the Community Leadership Program Audit and reviewed the recommendations citing parallels to the recently reviewed Women's Studies/Gender Studies Audit. Dr. Thompson highlighted that until recently there was a lack of leadership for the Program and discussed the value and demand for the leadership courses including how they can be connected to other programs of study. She also point out that preliminary conversations have taken place with non-profit agencies regarding the feasibility of offering the Program to their employees. Ms. Holland commented that non-profit agencies do not hire individuals with such a degree but rather place greater value on hiring individuals with strong skill sets such as critical thinking skills. She concurred that there is value to offering the courses outside of the degree program. A discussion took place regarding the viability of continuing the program and it was agreed that the Program would be discontinued; however, the leadership courses should continue to be offered.

Action: The Student Outcomes Committee recommends that the Board of Trustees accept the Community Leadership Programs Audit with the recommendation that the Program be discontinued effective the end of the 2012-13 academic year.

c) Definition of Key Student Performance Indicators (Discussion Item)

Ms. Holland opened the discussion by providing the context for the conversation including the need to develop an agreed upon set of metrics that the Board could use to measure progress of institutional goals and to determine ways the Board could be of assistance. She outlined the various metrics the Student Outcomes Committee has reviewed in the past that are included in the Academic Affairs Balanced Scorecard and in the Enrollment Management Plan. Ms. Holland presented a potential framework for the discussion, The Completion Arch, which was developed by the College Board. The Completion Arch was designed as a tool for community colleges to capture metrics along a continuum of student experiences beginning with enrollment to entry into the workforce after college completion. The five-part framework includes: Enrollment; Developmental Education Placement; Progress; Transfer and Completion; and Workforce Preparation and Employment Outcomes.

Dr. Curtis highlighted the recently developed Voluntary Framework of Accountability (VFA) which is a nationally funded project designed to develop a set of appropriate measures to determine how well community colleges are serving students. The VFA was designed to assist community colleges to develop commonly accepted performance measures in the community college sector that would assist in developing a greater understanding of student outcomes and help lead institutions toward identifying problems and setting goals for improvement of outcomes. Dr. Curtis stated that all 14 community colleges in Pennsylvania have agreed to use the VFA.

Dr. Rényi noted that in reviewing the student demographics that the College serves older students and questioned the College's role in providing appropriate programs that lead to the workforce. Dr. Curtis stated that the College serves a mix of students with three-quarters of the students planning to transfer. He explained that not all students enroll at the College with the plan to directly enter the workforce. There needs to be an understanding of why students come to the College and what they want to achieve. A discussion took place regarding the vision of the College and positioning the College with aspirational goals. Ms. Holland stated that metrics have to be established that focus on program outcomes as well as services provided. It was decided that next steps include agreeing to a set of metrics and developing a dashboard. Ms. Holland noted that this would be a topic for the upcoming Board Retreat.

Next Meeting:

The next meeting of the Student Outcomes Committee of the Board is scheduled for Thursday, February 7, 2013 at 1:30 p.m. in conference room M2-34.

Attachments:

Minutes of November 1, 2012

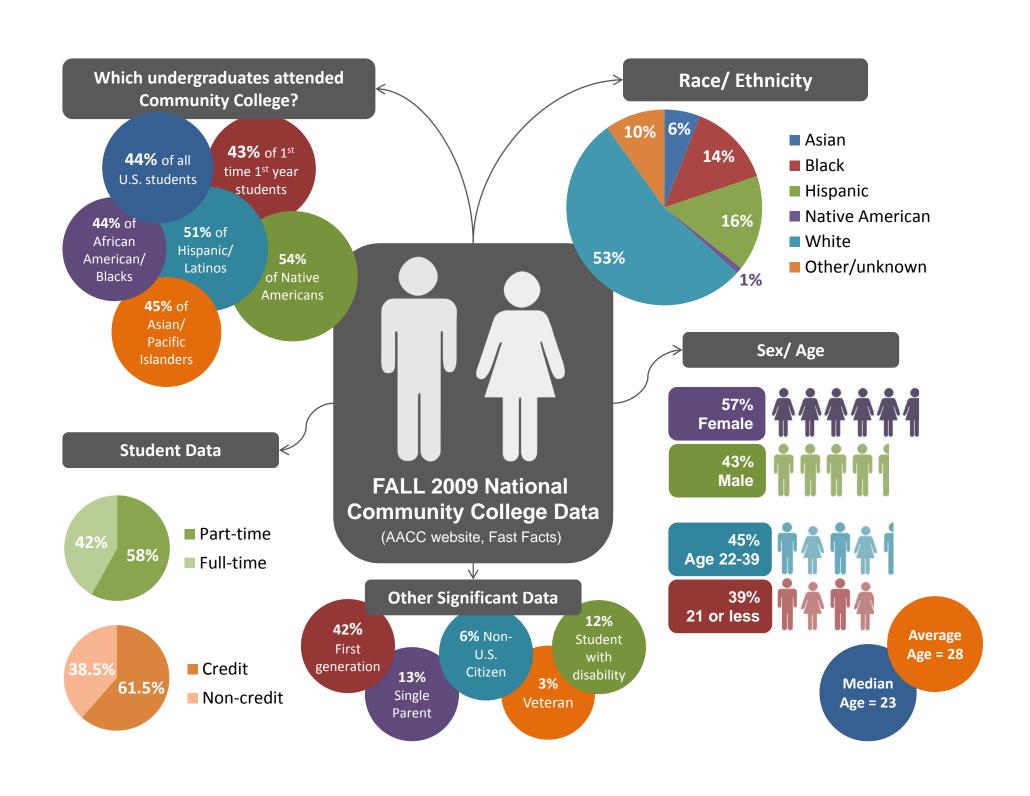
Academic Program Audit: Community Leadership College Board: The Completion Arch

STUDENT SUCCESS DISCUSSION

COMMUNITY COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA
BOARD OF TRUSTEES RETREAT

JANUARY 3, 2013





Employment Status, 2007-2008

(AACC website, Fast Facts)

Full-time student, employed full time = 21%



Full-time student, employed part time = 59%



Part-time student, employed full time = 40%



Part-time student, employed part time = 47%

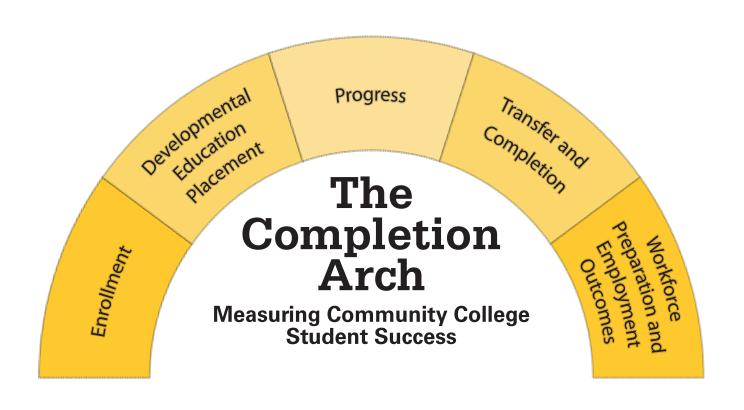


Overview

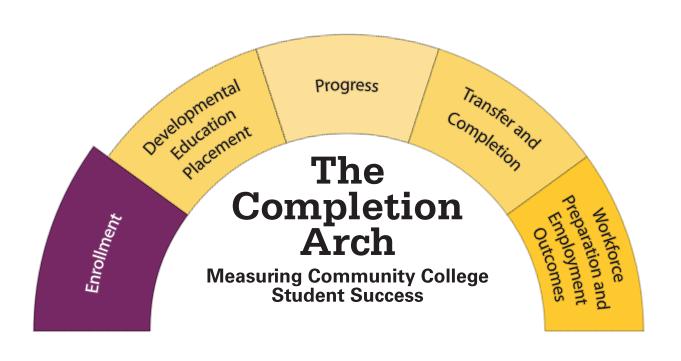
- National Context
- Local Context
- Discussion Framework College Board Completion Arch
- Initiatives and Outcomes
- Core Indicators
- Challenges

The Completion Arch is a framework to describe the progress and success of community college students.

Source: The College Board



Enrollment



College Facts

Student Body

Enrollment (2011-2012) academic year:

- Approximately 39,500 students taking credit and noncredit courses
- Approximately 15,769 full-time equivalent students
- Approximately 29,094 students enrolled in credit classes
- More than half (62%) are enrolled in transfer or liberal arts programs
- 17% enrolled in career programs
- 21% enrolled in noncredit, continuing education coursework

College Facts – cont.

Student Characteristics

- More than half (53%) are 25 or older
- The median age is 26
- There are more women (65%) than men
- There are diverse groups of students:

African-American 56.7%

White 25.9%

Hispanic/Latino 8.0%

Asian/Pacific Islander 8.8%

Native American 0.6%

College Facts – cont.

Financial Assistance – 2010-11

Percent of Full-time, First-time Degree/Certificateseeking Students

Grant Aid

CCP: 70% National Comparison: 61%

Pell Grants

CCP: 69% National Comparison: 59%

Loans

CCP: 45% National Comparison: 19%

NOTE: Philadelphia Median Household Income - \$36,251

Number of Students Enrolled in Credit and Non-credit Education Headcount

Academic	Credit	New Credit	Credit	Continuing	Credit	Non-credit	Total
Year	Headcount	Headcount	Headcount	Credit	Headcount	Headcount	Headcount
			% New	Headcount	% Cont.		
2004-05	29,269	8,991	30.7%	19,727	67.4%	9,003	38,272
2005-06	26,293	8,,714	33.1%	17,301	65.8%	8,267	34,560
2006-07	26,157	9,371	35.8%	16,793	64.2%	7,696	33,853
2007-08	26,212	9,317	35.5%	16,798	64.1%	8,642	34,854
2008-09	26,868	9,316	34.7%	17,294	64.3%	8,180	35,048
2009-10	28,783	9,769	33.9%	18,394	63.9%	9,287	38,070
2010-11	29,034	8,968	30.9%	18,925	65.2%	8,624	37,658

High School Graduates

- About 50% of Philadelphia High School graduates attend Community College of Philadelphia, Penn State, and Temple University
- About one-third of students enroll at Community College of Philadelphia

Why Do Students Enroll at the College?

2008 Survey Results

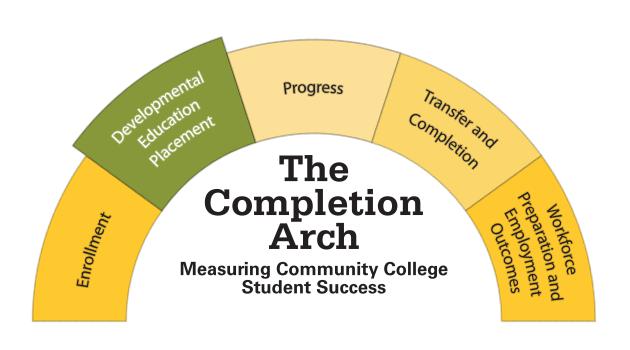
- 1. Earn Credits for a College Program Elsewhere
- 2. Prepare for Transfer
- 3. Prepare for a New Job
- 4. Personal Enrichment
- 5. Improve Skills for an Existing Job

Why Do Students Leave the College?

2008 Survey Results

- 1. Achieved my Objectives
- 2. Could Not Afford the Expense
- 3. Family Responsibilities
- 4. Course Unavailability
- 5. Other Personal Problem

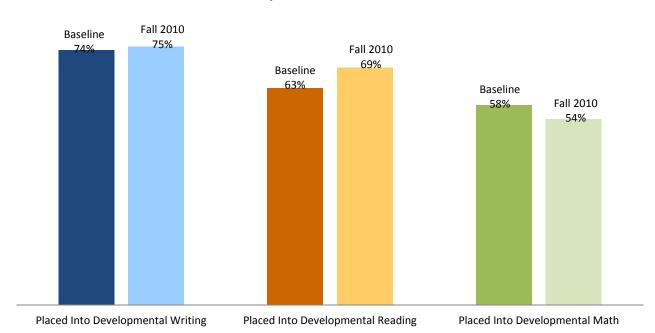
Developmental Education Placement



Placement in Developmental Education in the First Semester at the College

(Baseline Data set represents the aggregate first-time, recent high school graduates from fall 2005, fall 2006, fall 2007, fall 2008, and fall 2009)

First-time, Recent High School Graduates Developmental Placement



Initiatives

- Developmental Workshops
- Linked Gatekeeper and College 101
 Course
- Online Remediation
- Non-Cognitive Predictors
- Second Chance Placement

Developmental Workshops

 Free 5-week Workshops with Additional 3week Workshop for Unsuccessful Students

Writing Workshops Started 2008

Reading Workshops Started 2011

Math Workshops Started 2012

Writing Workshop Results

5 Week Writing Workshops	2011	2012
Registrants	613	308
Eligible to Re-test	481 (79%)	209 (68%)
Improved Placement	226 (47%)/(37% of registrants)	104 (50%)/(34% of registrants)
3 Week Workshops		
Registrants	116	99
Eligible to Re-test	65 (56%)	74 (75%)
Improved Placement	38 (59%)/ (33% of registrants)	35 (47%)/ (35% of registrants)
Improved Placement (by 8 weeks)	264 (43% of initial registrants)	139 (45% of initial registrants)

Reading Workshop Results

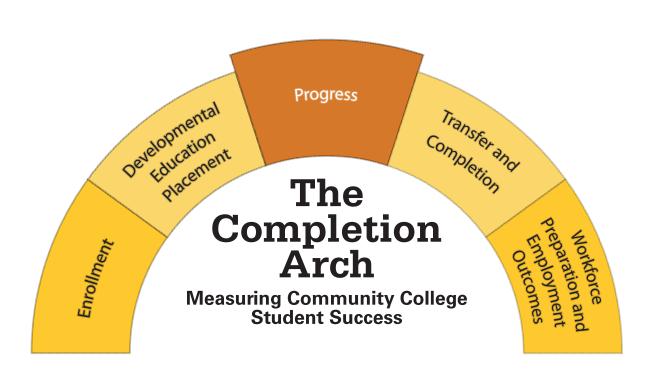
5 Week Reading	2011 (pilot year)	2012
Workshops		
Registrants	86	528
Eligible to Re-test	64 (74%)	371 (71%)
Improved Placement	39 (61%)/(45% of	289 (77%)/(55% of
	registrants)	registrants)
3 Week Workshops		
Registrants		75
Eligible to Re-test		56 (75%)
Improved Placement		32 (57%)/ (43% or
		registrants)
Improved Placement (by		321 (61% of initial
8 weeks)		registrants)

Math Workshop Results

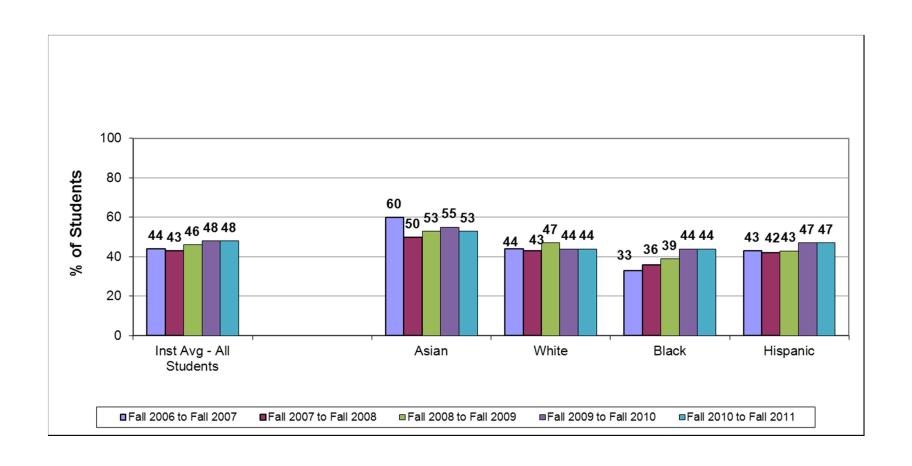
 The Developmental Program did a pilot of two five-week math workshops for students who tested Math 016.

• Of the 31 registrants, 25 (81%) were eligible to re-test. Of those who re-tested, 13 (52%, or 42% of registrants) improved their placement.

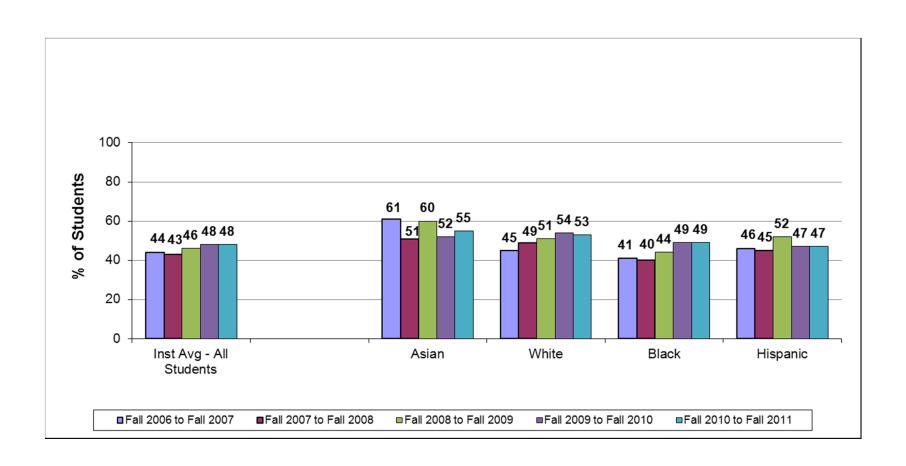
Progress



Fall to Fall First-Time Male Student Persistence



Fall to Fall First-Time Female Student Persistence



Pass Rates (Grades of A, B, C, P) in Achieving the Dream Gatekeeper Courses For New Students in Fall Semesters

	Fall										
Course	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Math 017	59.9%	52.9%	55.2%	60.4%	52.3%	57.8%	51.8%	45.2%	48.0%		
Math 118	54.5%	53.3%	56.6%	63.5%	45.5%	55.1%	55.9%	48.4%	48.6%		
English 098	57.4%	55.8%	56.1%	52.9%	54.7%	56.1%	59.1%	57.3%	56.4%		
English 101	70.5%	68.0%	69.2%	68.8%	67.2%	70.0%	70.8%	69.9%	71.1%		
Biology 106	73.6%	81.5%	71.7%	74.0%	71.9%	73.6%	84.3%	82.1%	77.4%		
CIS 103	71.4%	67.4%	67.1%	75.4%	69.4%	73.5%	73.3%	78.1%	73.9%		

Withdraw Rates in Achieving the Dream Gatekeeper Courses For New students in Fall Semesters

	Fall									
Course	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Math 017	11.4%	12.1%	10.7%	9.7%	10.7%	10.7%	9.4%	10.8%	10.4%	
Math 118	15.1%	16.5%	12.8%	9.6%	11.8%	11.8%	10.5%	13.8%	13.4%	
English 098	11.1%	11.5%	10.8%	13.7%	12.5%	12.5%	8.0%	8.7%	10.8%	
English 101	10.2%	13.6%	8.6%	9.3%	12.2%	12.2%	8.6%	12.8%	9.4%	
Biology 106	8.8%	8.7%	8.9%	9.0%	9.6%	9.6%	5.9%	8.4%	5.7%	
CIS 103	10.3%	12.1%	12.3%	8.4%	10.2%	10.2%	7.5%	12.0%	12.4%	

Fall to Spring Persistence/Attrition Outcomes

Fall	Number of	Returned Same	Returned Different	Graduated	Did not Return
	Enrolled	Program	Program		the
	Credit	8	0		Following
	Students				Spring
1999	15,797	52.4%	11.9%	1.7%	34.0%
2000	16,346	60.5%	6.4%	1.5%	31.7%
2001	17,775	62.0%	5.1%	1.7%	31.3%
2002	18,354	62.3%	5.3%	1.4%	30.1%
2003	19,458	63.1%	5.3%	1.3%	30.3%
2004	19,238	63.7%	5.4%	1.1%	29.8%
2005	16,825	64.0%	3.7%	1.1%	31.4%
2006	16,860	62.8%	3.7%	1.4%	29.9%
2007	17,334	64.4%	5.3%	2.1%	28.3%
2008	17,327	64.6%	5.1%	1.8%	28.5%
2009	19,047	66.8%	4.8%	2.0%	26.4%
2010	19,503	67.0%	4.9%	2.2%	25.9%

Fall to Fall Persistence/Attrition Outcomes

Fall	Number of Enrolled Credit Students	Returned Same Program	Returned Different Program	Graduated	Did not Return the Following Fall
1999	15,797	29.7%	12.8%	6.7%	50.8%
2000	16,346	35.0%	9.7%	6.5%	48.9%
2001	17,775	35.2%	8.5%	6.5%	49.8%
2002	18,354	35.9%	9.6%	5.8%	48.7%
2003	19,458	34.9%	9.4%	6.4%	49.2%
2004	19,238	25.2%	16.3%	5.3%	53.3%
2005	16,825	34.9%	9.4%	6.4%	49.2%
2006	16,860	36.1%	7.9%	5.0%	50.9%
2007	17,334	35.2%	7.9%	8.0%	48.9%
2008	17,327	37.1%	8.5%	8.3%	46.1%
2009	19,047	38.5%	7.6%	8.0%	45.8%
2010	19503	37.2%	9.1%	8.3%	45.4%

Percentage of Departing Students in the Semester by Success Category

Acado	emic	Departing	Graduated	Long-	Short-	Unsuccessful
Ter	m	Students		Term	Term	
				Success	Success	
Fall	2001	4,782	6.3%	35.5%	19.3%	38.9%
	2002	4,773	4.8%	30.9%	21.0%	43.3%
	2003	5,021	5.0%	32.2%	19.6%	43.3%
	2004	4,973	5.3%	31.5%	18.6%	44.7%
	2005	4,326	6.1%	37.0%	17.3%	39.6%
	2006	4,181	5.4%	35.3%	17.8%	41.5%
	2007	4,157	6.7%	33.3%	18.6%	41.4%
	2008	4,000	6.1%	35.8%	18.2%	40.0%
Spring	2002	6,773	11.0%	32.2%	19.2%	37.6%
	2003	7,052	10.9%	34.0%	19.0%	36.1%
	2004	7,783	12.5%	34.8%	17.7%	35.0%
	2005	7,877	11.8%	35.6%	17.1%	35.5%
	2006	6,828	12.5%	37.6%	17.1%	32.7%
	2007	6,691	14.1%	34.8%	16.4%	34.7%
	2008	6,868	14.0%	35.6%	16.9%	33.4%
	2009	6,702	19.1%	31.8%	16.2%	32.9%

Percent of Students by Success Category and Academic Readiness

Level of Co	urses Taken in	Continuing	Graduated	Long-Term	Short-Term	Unsuccessful
First	Semester			Success	Success	
	All					
	Developmental					
Fall 2007	Courses					
and Spring	N=1,482					
2008	(19.4%)	23%	2%	8%	9%	58%
Entering	Developmental					
Student	and College-					
Outcomes	Level Courses					
by the End	N=3,230					
of Fall	of Fall (42.3%)		7%	17%	14%	42%
2010 College-Level						
Courses						
N=2,924						
	(38.3%)	12%	8%	29%	24%	27%

2012 National Community College Benchmark Project: Peer Institution Comparison Persistence Rates

 Students at End of the Fall Semester Who Returned in the Next Spring Semester

CCP: 73.5% Median Peer Value: 70.1%

 Students at End of the Fall Semester Who Returned in the Next Fall Semester

CCP: 50.5% Median Peer Value: 48.2%

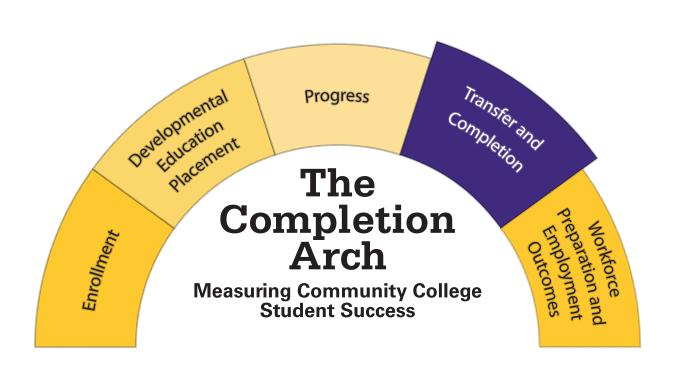
Student Risk Factors

- Requires Remediation
- Attends Part-time
- Is Independent
- Has Dependents
- Works High Number of Hours
- SES, Race/Ethnicity, Gender
- Delayed Enrollment
- Lack of Financial Plan
- Lack of Goal Clarity

Initiatives

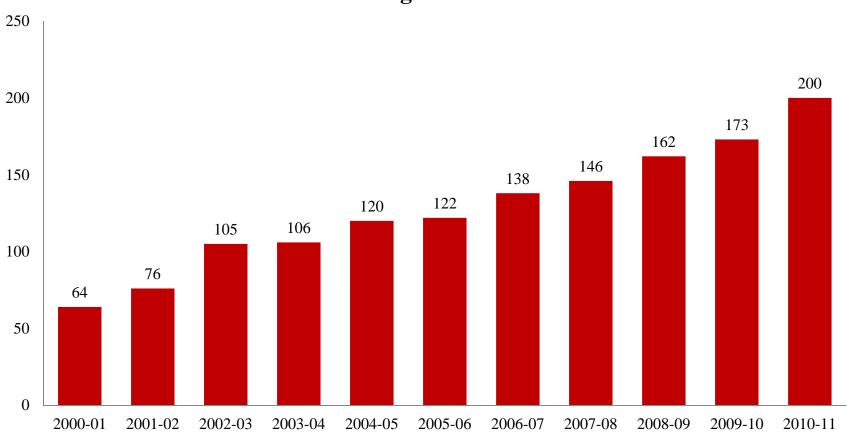
- Comprehensive New Student Orientation
- Early Alert System
- Center for Male Engagement
- Student Success Courses
- Integrated Enrollment Services
- Advising Pilot
- High School Partnerships
- High Impact Practices

Transfer and Completion



Transfer Preparation

Number of Articulation Agreements with Four-Year Institutions



Transfer Preparation

Temple University Outcomes of CCP Transfers to Temple University Between Fall 2005 and Spring 2008 (n=1,951)

Transfer Outcome at Temple	Percent of Transfers
Graduated from Temple	38.0
Enrolled with GPA 2.0 or higher	35.9
Not enrolled but GPA 2.0 or higher at departure	12.0
Enrolled with GPA less than 2.0	2.9
Not Enrolled with GPA less than 2.0	11.2

Transfer Preparation

Drexel University Outcomes of CCP Transfers to Drexel University Between Fall 2005 and Spring 2008 (n=842)

Transfer Outcome at Drexel	Percent of		
	Transfers		
Graduated from Drexel	37.0		
Enrolled with GPA 2.0 or higher	20.8		
Not enrolled but GPA 2.0 or higher at departure	31.0		
Enrolled with GPA less than 2.0	2.6		
Not Enrolled with GPA less than 2.0	14.0		

Five-Year Graduation Rates for Full-time Students

Year	Graduation	Year	Graduation		
Cohort	Rate	Cohort	Rate		
Entered		Entered			
1995	11.2%	2001	14.2%		
1996	12.3%	2002	16.5%		
1997	10.9%	2003	16.7%		
1998	14.5%	2004	16.3%		
1999	16.3%	2005	17.7%		
2000	17.9%	2006	18.7%		

2012 National Community College Benchmark Project: Peer Institution Comparison Completion Rates

First-time, Full-time Students Earning a Degree or Certificate

Within 3 Years:

CCP: 10.6% Median Peer Value: 10.8%

Within 6 Years:

CCP: 18.44% Median Peer Value: 21.03%

• First-time, Part-time Students Earning a Degree or Certificate

Within 3 Years:

CCP: 3.1% Median Peer Value: 4.1%

Within 6 Years:

CCP: 9.74% Median Peer Value: 11.68%

2012 National Community College Benchmark Project: Peer Institution Comparison Transfer Rates

 First-time, Full-time Students Who Left the College Prior to Earning a Degree and Transferred

Within 3 Years:

CCP: 21.8% Median Peer Value: 20.4%

Within 6 Years:

CCP: 31.46% Median Peer Value: 26.91%

 First-time, Part-time Students Who Left the College Prior to Earning a Degree and Transferred

Within 3 Years:

CCP: 23.8% Median Peer Value: 10.2%

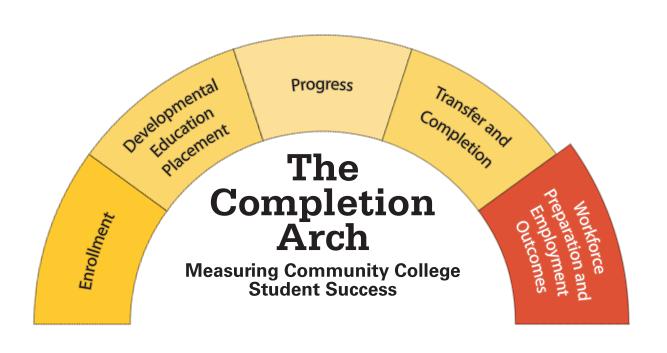
Within 6 Years:

CCP: 29.70% Median Peer Value: 17.55%

Initiatives

- Dual Admissions Agreements
- Degree Audit System Implementation
- Automatic Awarding of Degrees
- Flexible Learning Options

Workforce Preparation and Employment Outcomes



Workforce Preparation and Employment Indicators

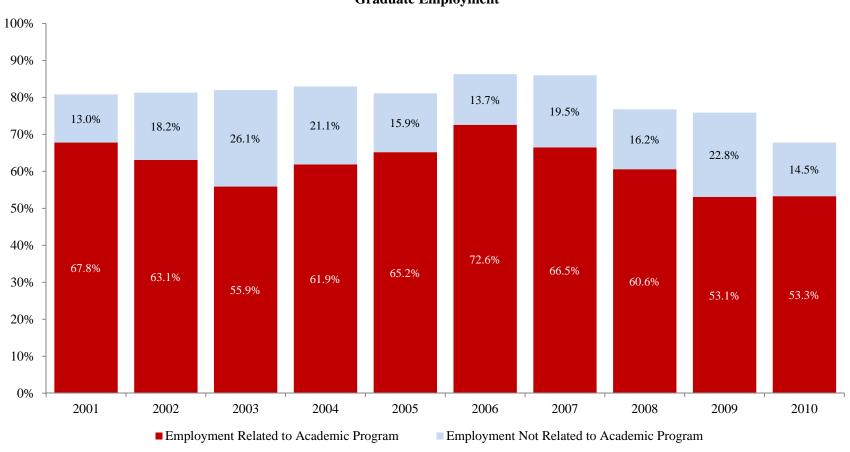
Job Placement Rates

Graduates' Wages and Wage Growth

Licensure Exam Pass Rates

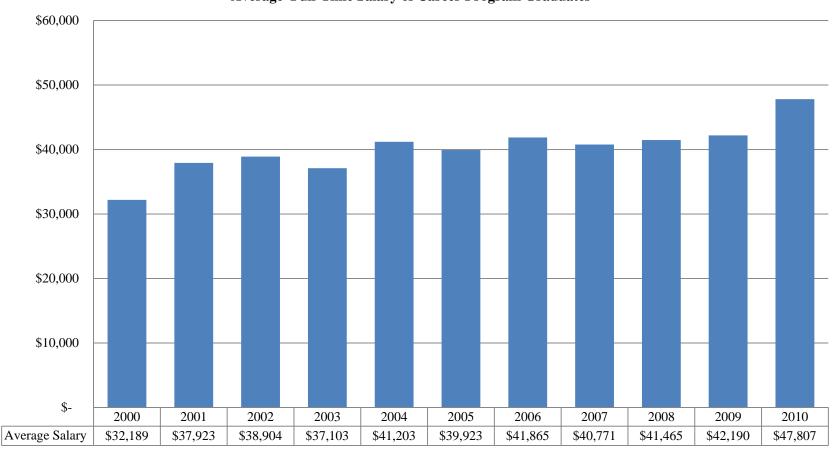
Job Placement Rates

Graduate Employment



Graduates' Wages and Wage Growth

Average Full-Time Salary of Career Program Graduates



Licensure Exam Pass Rates

	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	
Program	Program	National								
	Average	Average								
Clinical										
Laboratory	73.0%	77.0%	80.0%	73.0%	89.0%	76.0%	100.0%	75.8%	88%	74%
Technology										
Dental Hygiene	100.0%	81.6%	96.0%	81.6%	95.4%	82.0%	91.3%	81.8%	100%	Not available
Diagnostic										
Medical	100.0%	84.7%	100.0%	91.0%	100.0%	91.4%	100.0%	91.4%	100%	92.7%
Imaging										
Health										
Information	25.0%	76.0%	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Technology										
Medical										
Assisting Office	88.0%	69.0%	100.0%	68.0%	100.0%	70.0%	100.0%	68.0%	100%	68%
Management										
Nursing	70.7%	85.5%	70.7%	86.6%	90.1%	88.4%	86.2%	87.4%	77.9%	87.6%
Respiratory										
Care	100.0%	77.0%	100.0%	82.0%	100.0%	**	100.0%	78.3%	100%	72.4%
Technology										

2012 National Community College Benchmark Project: Peer Institution Comparison Career Program Graduates

 Career Program Graduates Who Were Employed in a Field Related to Their Studies Shortly After Graduation

CCP: 47.8% Median Peer Value: 47.8%

 Career Program Graduates Who Enrolled in Higher Education Shortly After Graduation

CCP: 46.5% Median Peer Value: 25.7%

Initiatives

- PA Career Coach
- Revised Audit Focus
- Modeling Software for Job Training
- Program Specific Initiatives

Summary

- Local Context Differs From National Context
- CCP Students Have Significant Number of Risk Factors
- Majority of CCP Students Enter Needing Remediation
- Various Initiatives Are Beginning to Show Signs of Success
- CCP Outcomes are Comparable or Better Than Peer Institutions – Example: CCP Students Are More Likely to Transfer Prior to Earning a Degree Than Students From Peer Institutions

Challenges

- Funding
- Student Risk Factors
- Moving Pilots to Scale
- Changing External Environment
- Local Context

Appendix

Placement Writing Samples

Sample – ABE Placement

Dear School Board, My opinion is to not allowed students to take high-interest courses is not smart at all, I mean how they gonna learn without someone been there to teach students what they don't know I don't agry at all. I do agry a tutorial center is perfect for students I mean they will actually learn with someone teaching them what they don't know.

Sample – Workshop Placement

To whom this may concern, I think that it would be a great idea to build a athletic club for the community. It will give the children something to do after school and something for them too do on th weekends. Most of our children have nothing to do aftertr school and it tends to stare them in the wrong direction.

Sample – 098 Placement

Amusement parks attract people all the time becaue kids love them. Kids contain a lot of energy in the summer and its important for them to spend some time with their family. They can go to an amusement park for thrill, excitement, and even if some people are afraid of heights they can enjoy other activities like a house of mirrors, or dunking a clown in a tank of water when hitting a target.

Sample – College-level Placement

Amusement parks draw in families and groups. For example, a family of 4 is going on vacation, and they don't know where to go. The adults wouldn't mind going somewhere historical, but the children would hate it. Now a days vacation is all about the children. If the children are happy, the parents are happy.